

1. <b>anthropologist</b>	A scientist who studies human cultural characteristics.
2. <b>cultural diversity</b>	Important cultural differences. (language, clothes, traditions, etc.)
3. <b>culture</b>	a reflection of who and what we are. It refers to everything connected to the way humans live in groups. (physical environment (interactions), history, social life, economic life, and political life)
4. <b>material culture</b>	Things such as food, water, clothing, shelter, and safety.
5. <b>non-material culture</b>	Parts of culture that are not things. (language, ideas, stories, beliefs, myths, legends, religion, and behavior)
6. <b>popular culture</b>	Wide-spread cultural practices which often change frequently. They are heavily influenced by changes in technology. (Music)
7. <b>rites</b>	Rites are traditional religious practices.
8. <b>socialization</b>	The way a person learns about suitable behavior for their culture.(manners, social rules, etc.)
9. <b>traditional culture</b>	Practices established by a society over many generations.
10. <b>traditions</b>	Customs, beliefs, opinions, and stories passed down from one generation to the next.